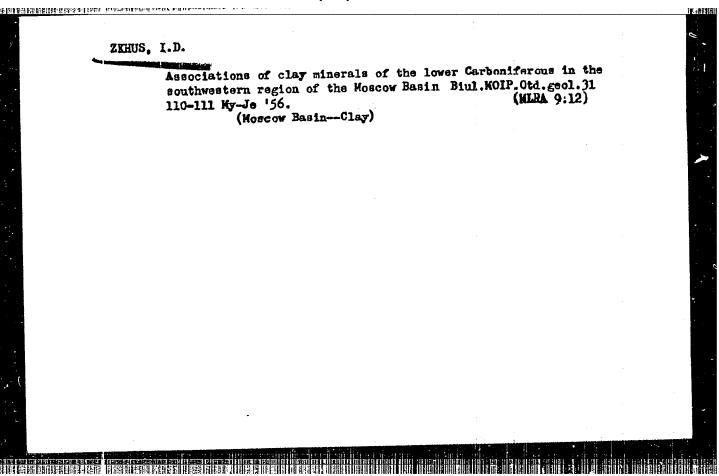
ZKHUS, I. D.

Zkhus, I. D. -- "Argillaceous Minerals of the Lower Black-Coal Deposits of the Southwestern Portion of the Moscow Basin." Moscow Order of Lenin and Order of Labor Red Banner State U imeni M. V. Lomonosov. Geology Faculty. Chair of History and Regional Geology. Moscow, 1956. (Disseration For the Degree of Candidat in Geologicomineralogical Sciences).

So: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 11, 1956, pp 103-114



nus, L.

20-2-50/62

AUTHOR TITLE

ZKIRUS, 1.D. On the Trend of Stage Changes of Clay Minerals.

(K voprosu o napravlenii stediynykh izmeneniy glinistykh mineralov

Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR, 1957, Vol 115, Nr 2, pp 376 - 379 (U.S.S.R.) PERIODICAL

ABSTRACT

The study of clay minerals is not only interesting because they belongs to the most important minerals, but also because the clay minerals are restricted to certain facial sourroundings. Thus they may serve as peculiar indicators of the physico-chemical conditions of sedimentation. The problems of modification of dlay minerals in various facial zones and of the trend of these transormation processes are especially interesting. Ginzburg worked out a theory of stage changes of clay minerals. The initial minerals, after going through sestages in the crust of weathering, form kaolinite as final prohis trend also exists in other sections. But the changes of erals in various physico-chemical environments can be quite dı. Lt. The course of the process may take another, even an oppooli direction. According to Ginzburg no kablite forms at the bottom d. of we sea, but weathering products from the continent are washed in-81 to the sea in enormous quantities. But they do not exist there in the dame quantities, since they must have considerably changed in an alkaline medium. Here an inverse course of the stage transformation process is possible, e.g. from kaolinite to beidellite or monmorillonite. There exist only scarce data on these problems. In recent years the

Card 1.13

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065310004-0"

On the Trend of Stage Changes of Clay Minerals. 20-2-50/62

formation these changes might have taken place. From the facts described it follows that the stage changes of minerals may have different trends, for instance in dependence of the composition of initial products and conditions of environment. These changes need a long period of time and are on the whole connected with the diagenesis of the sediment.

(2 illustrations, 4 tables, 11 Slavic references).

ASSOCIATION Geologicheskoye upravleniye tsentral'nykh rayomov Ministerstva geologii i okhrany nedr

PRESENTED BY STRAKHOV N.m., Hember of the Academy, Feb. 12, 1957

SUBMITTED Feb. 6, 1957

AVAILABLE Library of Congress.

Card 3/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R002065310004-0

GABRIL'YAN, A.M., ZKHUS, I.D.; KLIMOVA, L.T.; MAKAROVA, L.H.;

TIKHCTROVA, U.J.; STROMGIIK, V.A.; AERAMOVA, L.B.;

TROVILUK, I.A.; NIKITINA, R.G.; SARKISYAN, I.S.;

GULYAYEVA, L.A. prof., otv. red.

[Mesozoic and Cenozoic sediments of the Fergana and
Issykkul' Depressions] Mezozoiskie i kainozoiskie otlocheniia Ferganskoi i Issyk-Kul'skoi vpadin. Moskva,
Nauka, 1965. 259 p.

1. Mosrow. Institut geologii i razrabotki goryuchikh
iskopayemykh.

ZKHUS, I.D.; MARASANOVA, N.V.

Some characteristics of the distribution of clay minerals in Upper Pliocene sediments of the Krasnyy Yar area (Astrakhan region).

Izv.AN SSSR.Ser.geol. 27 no.8:106-110 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Institut geologii i razrabotki goryuchikh iskopayemykh AN SSSR, Moskva.

(Astrakhan region—Clay)

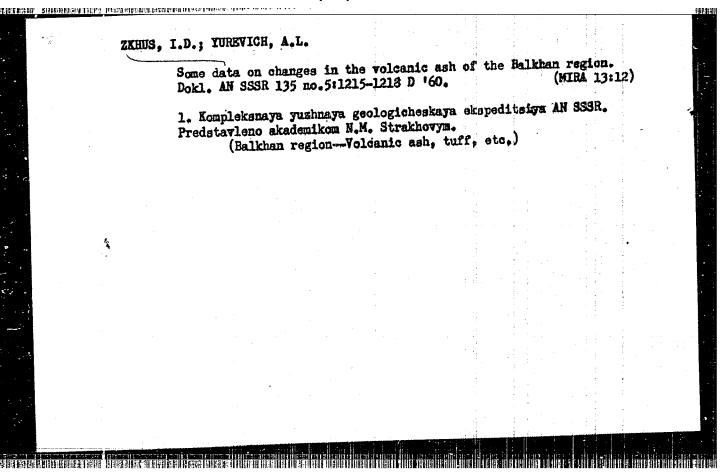
SARKISYAN, S.G.; IN FYN-SYAN [Ying Fong-haiang]; ZKHUS, I.D.; KLEVITS, M.V.; CHZHEN AY_CHZHU [Cheng Ai-chu]

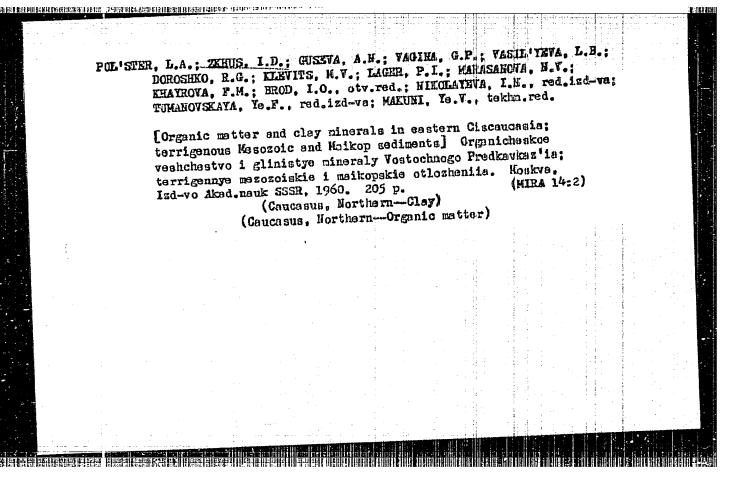
Clay minerals and scattered organic matter in Cretaceous sediments of an eastern trough in the Chinese People's Republic. Izv.vyx.ucheb. zav.; geol. i razv.. 4 no.12:43-48 D '61. (MIRA 15:2)

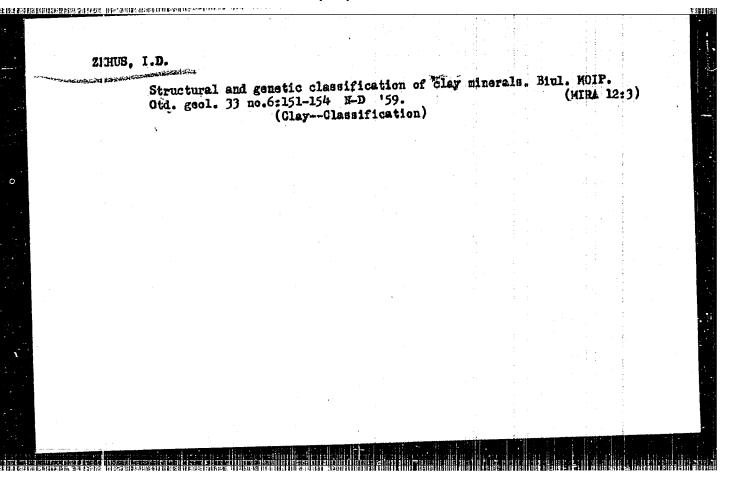
1. Institut geologii i razrabotki goryuchikh iskopayemykh. (China—Clay)(Organic matter)

				to 011 g 160. (MIRA 14:4)	14:4)	
(Clay) (Petroleum ge	ology)			
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ZKHUS, I.D.; ANTONENKO, L.A. Clayey minerals in Mesozoic deposits of the Greater Balkhan Range. Dokl. AN SSSR 136 no.6:1444-1447 F '61. (MIRA 14:3) 1. Kompleksnaya nefte-gazovaya geologicheskaya ekspeditsiya AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom N.M. Strakhovym. (Greater Balkhan Range-Clay)







.3(5)

图 1995 - 1997 -

Zkhus, I. D., Vagina, G. P.

SOV/20-125-4-55/74

TITLE:

The Argillaceous Minerals of the Maykop Series in the Ozek-Suat District (Glinistyye mineraly maykopskoy svity rayona Ozek-Suat)

PERHODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1959, Vol 125, Nr 4, pp 884 - 887

(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Many research workers consider the Maikop sediments of Ciscaucasia to be petroleum mother rocks (Refs 1, 5 et al.). The expedition mentioned in the association investigated the minerals mentioned in the title in order to determine the diagnostic characteristic features of the mentioned mother rocks. Among them were those of Ozek-Suat (Zaterechnaya ravnina Trans-Terek plain on the platform slope of the Ciscaucasian downwarping). Beside the determination of the indices of refraction and the application of dye (Ref 6) the authors investigated cuts and carried out electron microscopic and thermal analyses. Caolinite, halluasite, hydromica, montmorillonite, and beidellite (Fig 3) were found in the core of 4 boreholes and investigated. The peculiarities of distribution of the argillaceous minerals in the cross section determine the appearance of 6 associations. They form mixtures of several (2 - 4) components. Mostly one mineral premixtures of several (2 - 4) components.

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The Argillaceous Minerals of the Maykop Series in the Sov Ozek-Suat District

SOT/20-125-4-55/74

dominates, more rarely two, whereas the other ones form admintures. Associations: 1) hydromica with beidellike admixture is characteristic of the lower part of the Maykop sediments, occurs, however, in the upper part as well. Figure 1 shows the curves of heating, table 1 the indices of refraction. 2) Hydromica with admixtures of beidellite and montmorillenite. 3) Montmorillonite with hydromica and beidellite or montmorillonite transformed into hydromica. 4) Beidellite with hydronica a mixture. 5) Like 4), only with a greater admixture of hydromica; less distributed than 4). 6) Caolinite-hydromica, with beidellite and transformed montmorillomite. On the strength of the results obtained the authors design a picture of the geological history of the region. They confirm the bipartial division of the Maykop sediments (Ref 6). The conceptions by A. V. Frost (Ref 11) concerning the role of montmorillonite as petroleum--forming catalyst are not confirmed by the present paper. Its quantity is rather low here and would not be sufficient for a catalytic action upon the great quantity of the dispersed

Card 2/3

The Argillaceous Minerals of the Maykop Series in the Ozek-Suat District

BOV/20-125-4-55/74

organic substance. There are 5 figures, 1 table, and 11 Soviet

references.

ASSOCIATION: Kompleksnaya yuzhnaya geologicheskaya ekspeditsiya Akademii

nauk SSSR (Southern Geological Expedition for Multiple Purposes of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

October 27, 1958, by N. M. Strakhov, Adademician PRESENTED:

October 6, 1958 SUBMITTED:

集員運動技術 医黄连续 我们还要有 犯 经工程的 电线线 电线线 医血管 医血管 医血管 医血管 医血管 (1995) (199

Card 3/3

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李林祖来358的11位代表在李琳明明中35月1 [[188]朱州[[35]] [[18]] [[18]] [[18]] [[18]] [[18]] [[18]] [[18]] [[18]] [[18]] [[18]] 507/20-123-2-40/50 3(8) Zkhue, I. D. The Role of Clay Minerals in the Process of Oil Formation (K AUTHOR: voprosu o roli glinistykh mineralov v protsesse nefteobrazo-TITLE: vaniya) Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol 123, Nr 2, pp 353-356 PERIODICAL: (USSR) The role of the clay minerals in the transformation of the primary organic compounds (original compounds) of the probable o'l source beds is still unclear, although this is an important ABSTRACT: question. Clayey muds are favorable environments for microorganisms. However, the clayey muds also favor the transformation of organic remains, even later after lithification of the clay to rock. The exact influence of the clayey muds upon this process is not yet clear. There are data given in scientific literature (Refs 14-16,10) which indicate that clay minerals, especially montmorilloni a, serve as catalysts in the transformation of the original organic remains. However, this has never been confirmed by analytical data. The solution of the problem mentioned in the title can prove itself as decisive as the Card 1/4

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The Eole of Clay Minerals in the Process of Oil Formation

recognition of the oil source beds, in the search for a scientifically based exploration method for new oil and gas fields. In this connection, from 1957 on pertinent investigations were carried out in the Predkavkan'ye (Ciscaucasia) by the Multiple Purpose Southern Geological Expedition of the AS USSR under the direction of the author. Studies of the Jurassic sediments in the Barakayevskaya region (carried out together with L. B. Vasil'yeva), up to the present, allow the determination of the following rules for the distribution of clay minerals. Illite is here the continually prevailing component. Electron microscopic work indicates without doubt that illite originated from montmorillonite. In the geological column, this process is most advanced in the Lower Aalenian strata, which are considered to be oil source beds. Y. S. Sheveleva has determined the same thing in the section on the Pshish River. Indeed, the actual clay mineral assemblage suffices to disprove the previous, familiar views of Frost (Refs 14-16) and others (Ref 19) about montmorillonite as a characteristic of oil source beds. However, the role of the clay minerals in the oil formation process is obviously not

Card 2/4

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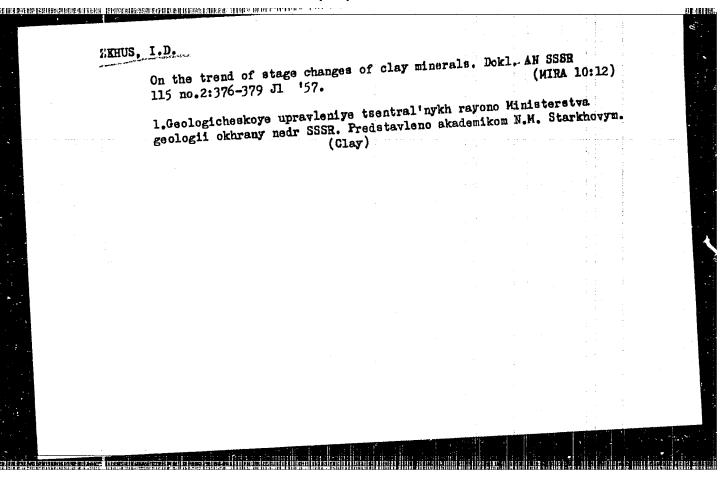
The Role of Clay Minerals in the Process of Oil Formation

exhausted by their catalytic effect alone; the organic remains deposited at the bottom, as the initial source material for oil, were transformed under reducing conditions, or hydrogenized. This favors the transformation of montmorillonite into illite. This favors the transformation of montmorillonite into illite of organic remains and can be considered characteristic tion of organic remains and can be considered characteristic for oil source beds. The transformation of montmorillonite into for oil source beds. The transformation of montmorillonite into illite has been described several times (Refs 1,6,17) and experimentally proved (Refs 2,20). The heat quantity freed by this process is probably absorbed by the organic matter. The development of energy favors the decomposition of the organic matter, which in turn stimulates the alteration of montmorillonite into illite. Thus, these two processes are related and intensify each other reciprocally. There are 20 references, 17 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION:

Kompleksnaya yuzhnaya geologicheskaya ekspeditsiya Akademii nauk SSSR (Multiple Purpose Southern Geological Expedition of the AS USSR)

Card 3/4



CIA-RDP86-00513R002065310004-0" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R002065310004-0 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001

AUTHOR:

Zkhus, I.D.

SOV/5-58-6-12/13

TITLE:

To the Problem of the Structural-Genetic Classification of Argillaceous Minerals (K voprosu o strukturno-geneticheskoy klassifikatsii glinistykh mineralov).

PERIODICAL:

Byulleten' Moskovskogo obshchestva ispytateley prirody, Otdel geologicheskiy, 1958, Nr 6, p 151-153 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The author proposes a scheme of classification of argillaceous minerals from the shistose silicates group. This scheme shows the genetic correlation of the classified minerals and indicates the transformation of their structures according to the physicochemical conditions, alkaline or acid. The left group of the scheme contains the series kaolinite-montmorillonite with the beidellite

Card 1/3

SOY/5-58-6-12/13

To the Problem of the Structural-Genetic Classification of Argillaceous Minerals

between them, because it has intermediate qualities and structure. The observations show that beidellites found in the rocks often vary and are more or less similar to one of its "neighbors". The beidellite is considered as an intermediate produce of transformations undergone by kaolinite in alkaline media or by montmorillonite — in acid media. The right group is formed by the kaolonite—hydromica series, and the monothermite is the intermediate produce. The other lower members of the two series — the montmorillonite and the hydromica can also be transformed into each other. The following scientists are mentioned by the

Card 2/3

李伯洛里特 E创 核聚性系统 医性原子 (1846年) - 同种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种种的

BOV/5-58-6-12/13

To the Problem of the Structural-Genetic Classification of Argillaceous Minerals

author: M.F. Vikulova, I.I. Ginzburg, V.P. Petrov, M.A. Rateyev and N.Ye. Vedeneyeva. There is 1 scheme and 14 Soviet references.

Card 3/3

Inst Ptysiclogy im. I.3. Beritashvili, Acad Sci Georgian SSR (Tiflis)
On the bioelectrical phenomena in the nerve trunks.

So: Fisiologicheskiy Zhurnal Vol 32, No 4, 1946

Case of thalassemia minor. Lijec. vjes. 78 no.7-8:364-374
1956.

1. Is Interne klinike Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu.
(ANEMIA, ENTTHROBLASTIC, compl.
infect. hepatitis, target cells in (Ser))
(HEFATITIS, INFECTIOUS, compl.
erythroblastic anemia, target cells in (Ser))
(ENTHROCTES, in various dis.
target cells in erythroblastic anemia with infect.
hepatitis (Ser))

MANDRAC, Michal, Dr.; DVORAK, Ledislav, Dr.; SLAVIK, Karel, Dr.;

ZREZHA, Olga, Dr.

Insulin resistance and its biochemical characteristics in a case of unusually juvenile diabetes. Sborn. lek. 57 no.9: 221-243 Nov 55.

1. III. Interni klinika Karlovy university v Praze, prednosta akademik Charvat ustredni laboratore SFN v Praze, prednosta prof. MUDr. J. Horejsi.

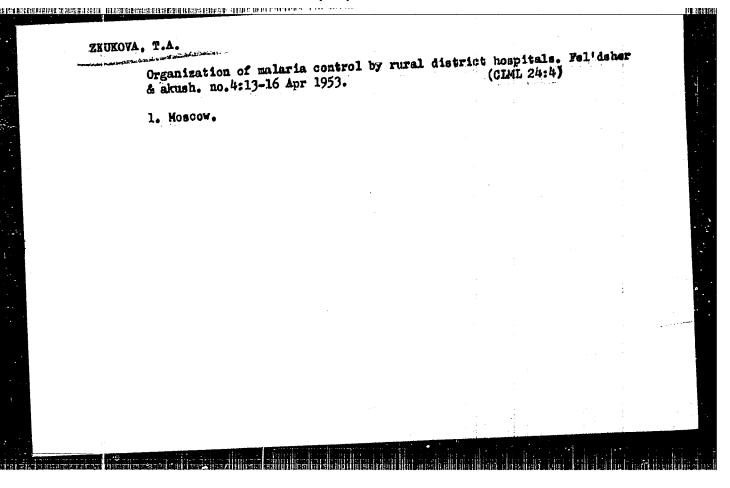
(INSULIN, therapeutic use, diabetes mellitus, resist.)

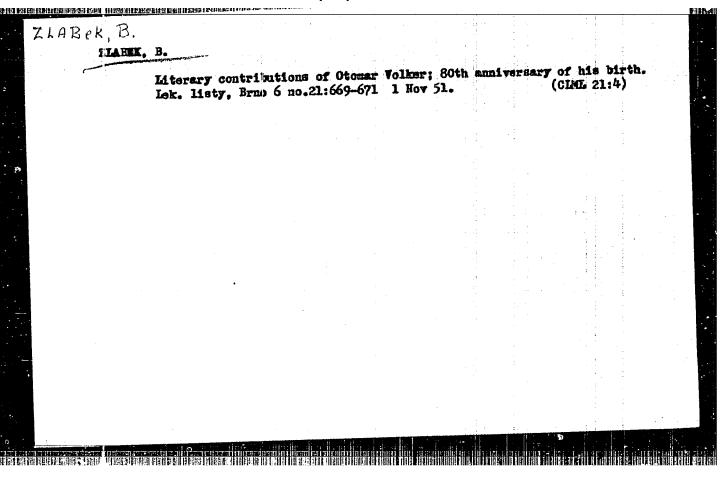
(DIABETES MELLITUS, therapy, insulin, resist.)

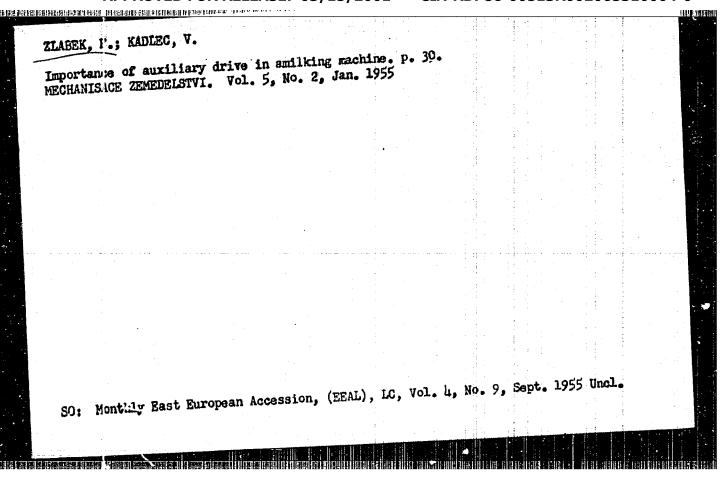
ZKRZYSZKOWSKA, Anna

Incidence of tuberculous encephalomeningitis in children vaccinated and not vaccinated with BCG from 1951 till 1953. Gruslica 24 no.9:977-984 Sept 56.

1. Z Działu Metodyczno-Organizacyjnego Instytutu Gruslicy w Warszawie. Kierownik: doc. dr. Olgierd Buraczewski. Dyrektor: prof. dr. Janina Misiewicz. Adres: W-wa, ul. Plocka 26. (TUBERCULOSIS, MENINGRAL, in inf. and child incidence in BCG vaccinated & non-vaccinated child.) (BCG VACCINATION, eff. on incidence of tuberc. meningitis in child.)







ZIABEK, F.

Chemical analysis and quality classification of milk preserved by potassium dichromate. p. 308.

PRUMYSL POTRAVIN. (Ministerstvo potravinarskeho prumyslu) Prava, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 10, no. 6, June 1959.

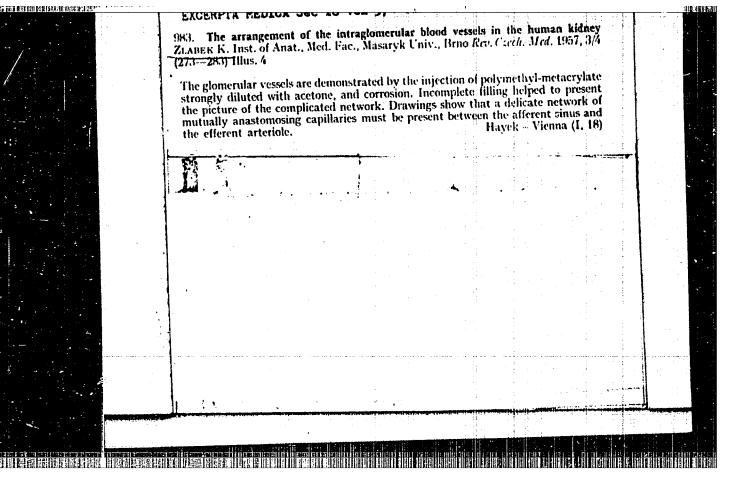
Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 11, November 1959.

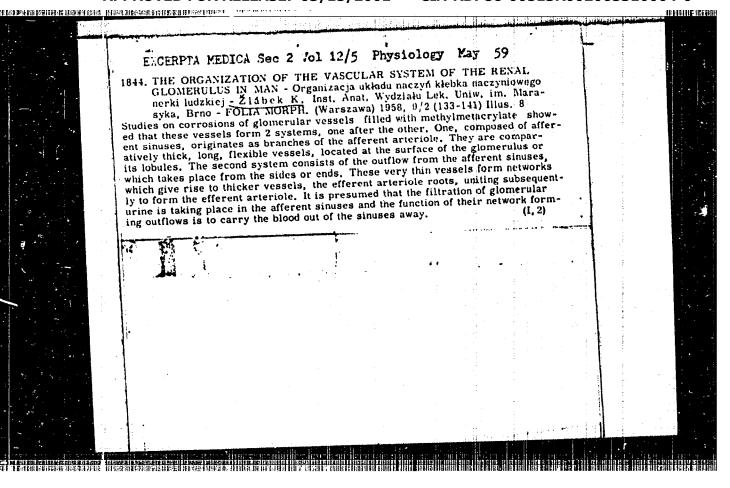
mcl.

ZLABEK, F.

"Hand and Mechanical Milking", P. 787, (ZA SOCIALISTICKE ZEMEDELSTVI, Vol. 4, No. 7/8, July/Aug. 1954, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 3, No. 12, Dec.1954, Uncl.





3 CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Human and Animal Morphology (Normal and Pathological, Excretory System. : Ref Zbur - Biologiya, No 1, 1959, No. 3000 Abs Jour Zlabek, K. Renal Glomeruli with Double Blood Supply (Paraglomerula) Author Inat Title : Ceskosl. morfol., 1957, 5, No 2, 167-177 Orig Pub : By the method of corrosion 62 juxtamedullary glomeruli (G) were found on cadavers of 3 humans who died at the age of 10-38 years, not having suffered any kidney Abstract diseases. In 6 G there was no apparent shortened joining between afferent and efferent arterioles, and these vessels were of different caliber. In 26 G there was an externally apparent joining between both glomerular vessels, and these were roughly of the same caliber. In the remainder of G no apparent joining was present; Card 1/2

ZLABEK, K.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Human and Animal Morphology - General Problems

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Biologii, No 16, 1957, 70229K

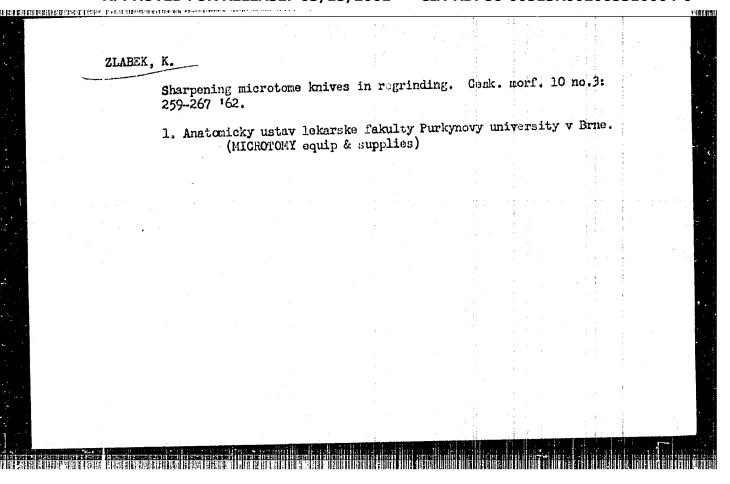
Author

: Zlabek, K. : Introduction to Topographical Anatomy. Tit.Le

Orig Pub : Praha, SPN, 1956, 418 pages

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1



CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Human and Animal Morphology (Normal and S Pathological). Excretory System.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 4, 1959, No. 16989

Author : Zlabek, K. Not given

支持能够的根据的保险。

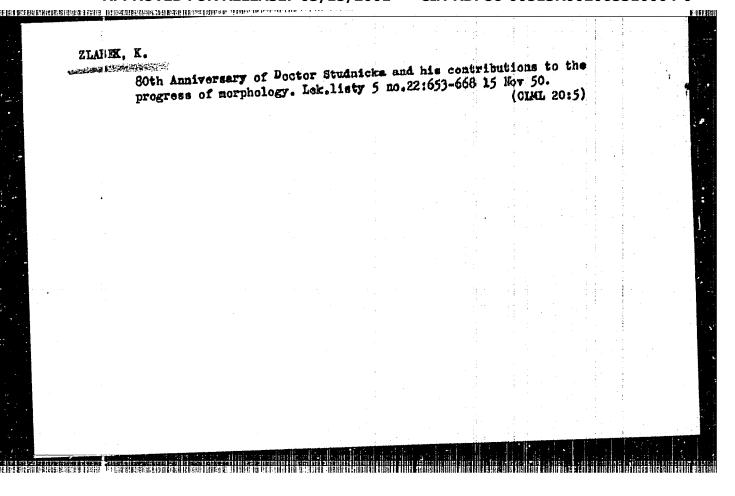
Inst : Not given
Title : Architectonics of Vessels in the Renal

Glomerulus

Orig Pub : Ceskosl. fysiol., 1958, 7, No 2, 148

Abstract : No abstract given

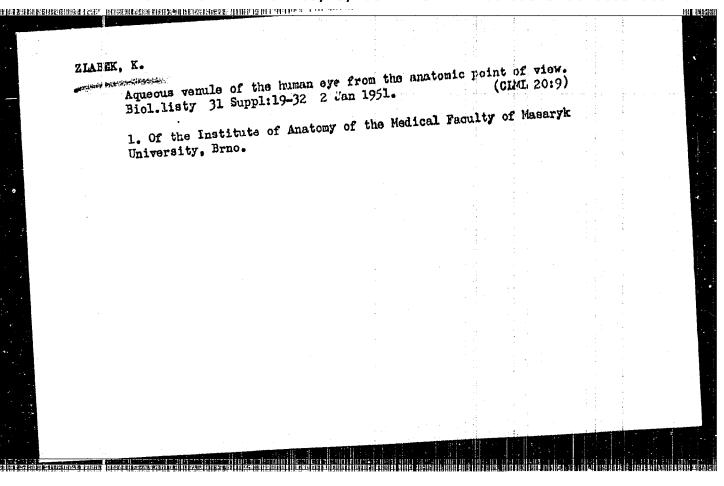
Card 1/1



THE FEBRUARY COURSE LIGHT THE SPECIAL CONTRACTOR OF STREET, THE SPECIAL CO

The arrangement of the intraglomerular blood vessels in the human kidney. Rev. Czech. N. 3 no.4:273-282 1957.

1. Institute of Anatomy, Medical Faculty of the Masaryk University, Brno. Director: Prof. K. Zlabek. (KIDNEYS, blood supply arrangement of glomerular blood vessels, review)



SLOWIM, D.; MARES, I.; DREVO, M.; CIMMEROVA, O.; MICHL, J.; technical assistance:
HOLATOVA, M.; KOUDELKOVA, M.; KRAUSOVA, V.; SKUBAL, J.; ZLABOVA, Z.

Some experiences with the preparation of inactivated policyelitis vaccine in Caschoslovakia. IV. The preparation of the vaccine. Acta virol. Engl. Ed. Fraha 5 no. 3:178-167 My '61.

1. Institute of Sera and Vaccines, Prague.

(POLIOMIELITIS immunol)

ZIADZIYEVSKIY, A. P.

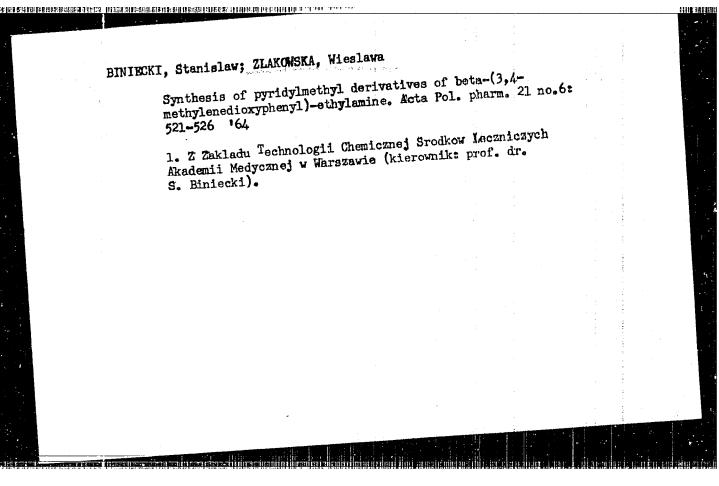
Assembly-Line Methods

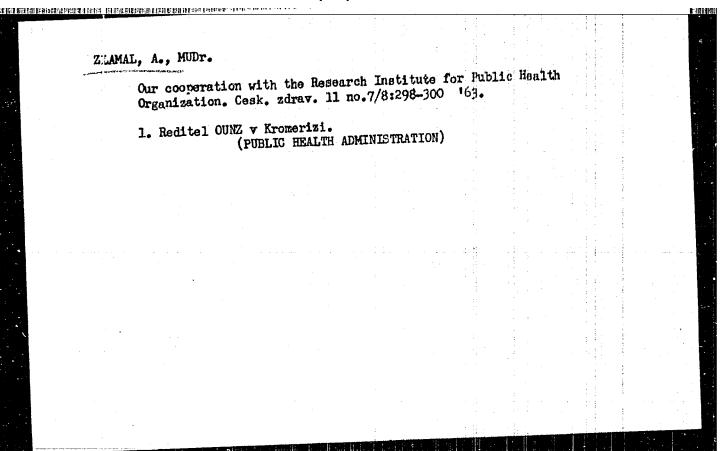
Evaluation of labor consumption in the set-up of automatic machine lines. Stan i instr. 23, No. 1, 1952.

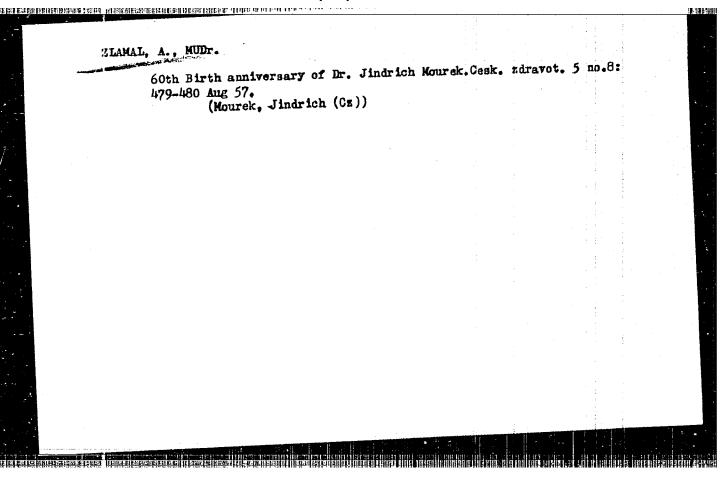
Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress
Nay 1957. UNGLASSIFIED.

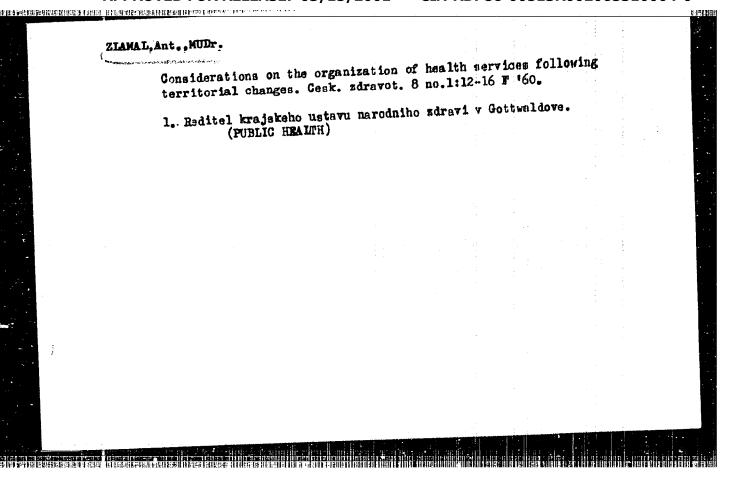
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ZIAMAL, Antonin., MUDT.

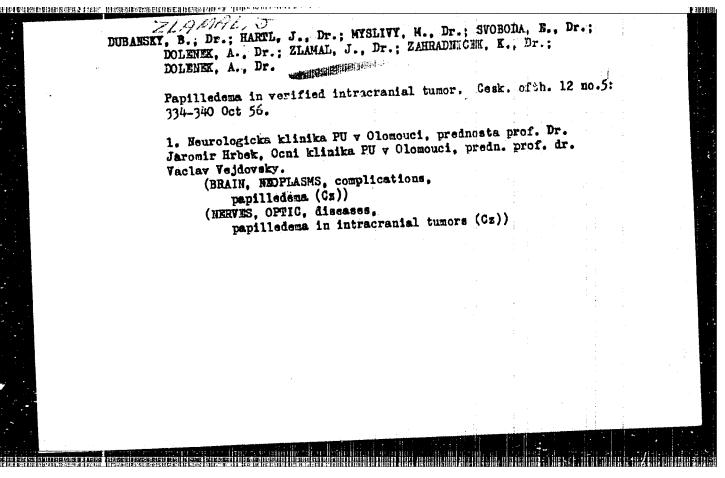
First anniversary of unification of the hospital in Kromerize.

Geak. zdravot. 4 no. 1:51-54 Feb 56.

1.Reditel okresniho ustavu narodniho zdravi v Kromerizi.

(HOSPITALS.

unification in Gzech. (Gz))



ZLAMAL, JAROSLAU, ZLAMAL, Jaroslav, HUDr

Review of therapy of tabetic atrophy of the optic nerve and experience with penicillin therapy. Cesk. ofth. 11 no.1:26-29 Feb 55.

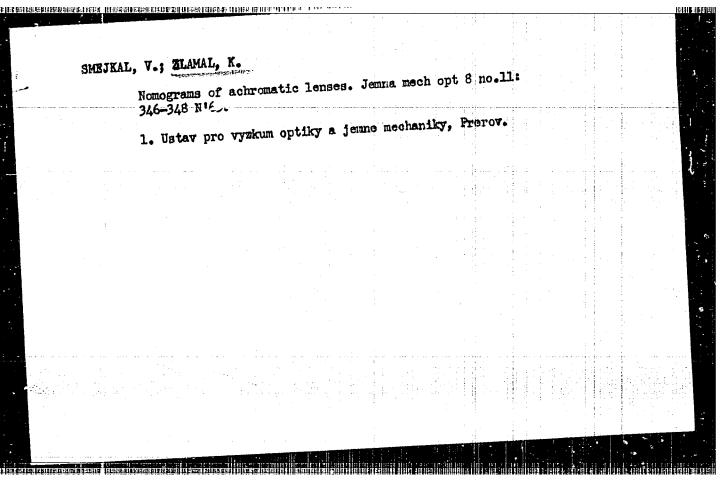
1. Z ocni kliniky PU v Olomouci; predn. Prof. MUDr. V.Vejdovsky.

(MERVE, OFFIC, diseases
tabetic atrophy, ther. penicillin)

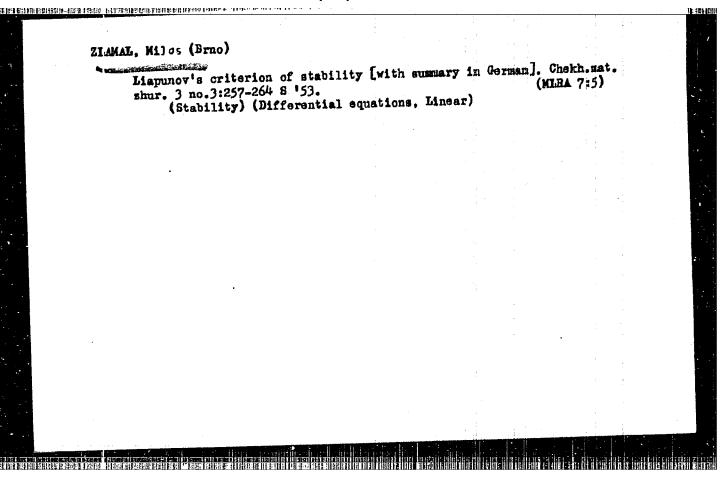
(PENICILLIN, ther. use
optic nerve tabetic atrophy)

(TABES DORSALIS, complications
optic nerve atrophy, ther. penicillin)

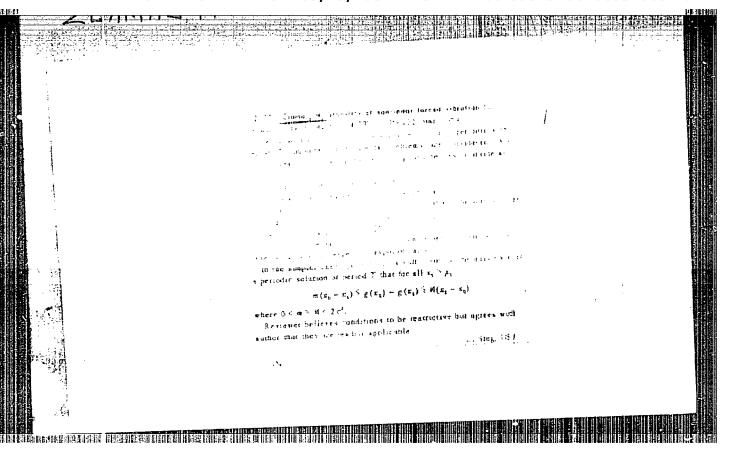
Noise in motor transport. Cas. Lek. Cesk. 101 no.10:300-307 9 Mg '62. 1. Klinika pro nemoci usni, nosni a krcni UJEvP v Brne, prednosta proi MUDr. Robert Hladky. (NOISE) (AUTOMOBILES)	
(NOISE) (AUTOWOBILES)	
"我们的我们,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就没有一个人,我们就会没有一个人。""我们,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我	
	į

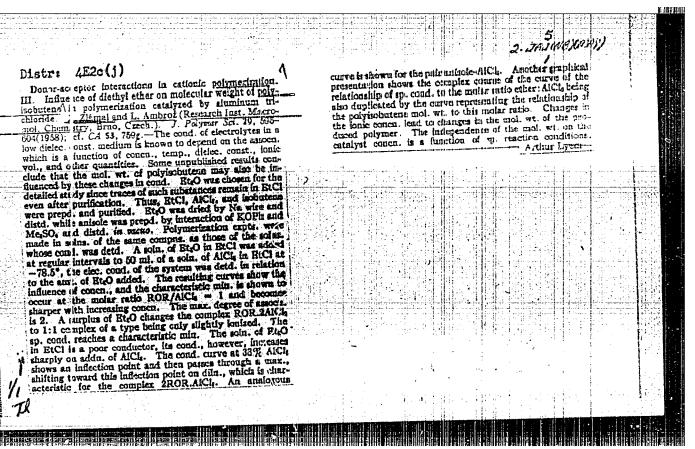


ZLAMAL, M. Ziamal, Milos. Asymptotic properties of the solutions of: the third order linear differential equations. Publ. Fac. Sci. Univ. Masaryk 1951, 159-167 (1951). (Russian The properties of the solutions of y''' + p(x)y' + q(x)y = 0, as $x \to +\infty$, are investigated under various hypotheses on the Mathematical Reviews coefficients. In all cases p'(x) and q(x) are assumed continuous. The following is an incomplete summary of the results: Vol. 15 No. 3 proved by the author. If $p(x) \ge 0$, $\limsup p(x)x^{-1/2} < \infty$, $\limsup q(x)x^{1/2} < \infty$, and $p'(x) - 2q(x) \ge d > 0$, then every March 1954 Analysis non-trivial solution is either oscillatory or diverges to ±∞, and the zeros of any two independent oscillatory solutions 6-23-54 interlace. The oscillatory solutions are of class L. It $p(x) \ge m > 0$, $q(x) \ge m$, $q(x) - p(x) \ge 0$, then every solution is either oscillatory or ten is to zero together with its first derivative, and the non-oscillatory solutions are of class Li. The author's main tool is an identity due to Mamnians W. Wasow. [Math. Z. 33, 186-231 (1931)]. '



2 5 Am		
	A book about	
	J2777. Ilamal, M. Stability of nonlinear fireed vibration (in German) FC2661. Math. J. 4(79), 1, 95-102, Max. 1954.	ì
	The solutions of $\{1\} \times + f(x) \times + g(x) = p(t), p(t)$ periodic with	
	period (T), important in dynamical problems, are considered. All-	
	ther proves the following theorem using boundedness considera-	
	tions: 1. Let p(t) be periodic with period T	
	If There exist constrains of > 0 > 0 such that	
	$\phi(x) = /(x) - 2c \qquad \psi(x) = g(x) - \omega^{1} x \text{ antialy the inequalities}$ $ \phi(x) \le L, \qquad \psi(x_{1}) - \psi(x_{1}) \le L, x_{1} - x_{1} $	
	$\{\phi(\mathbf{x})\} \ge L_1 = \{\psi(\mathbf{x}_1)\} + \psi(\mathbf{x}_2)\} + L_2 = L_1 + L_2 = L_2 + L_3 = L_4 = L$	
	Then I i above has a periodic columnon of period I and all in	
	sehes colunions converse to it exponentially.	
	In the simpler case $f(x) = 1c$ it is sufficient for the existence of a periodic solution of period T that for all $x_1 > x_1$	
	$m(x_t - x_t) \leq g(x_t) - g(x_t) \leq M(x_t - x_t)$	
	where $0 < n \le H \le 2c^3$.	;
	Reviewer believes conditions to be rescrictive but sgrees with	· ·
	author that they are readily applicable. L. Seeg, USA	i
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	$\gamma_{ij} = 0$	
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AUTHORS: Zlámal, Z., Kazda, A.

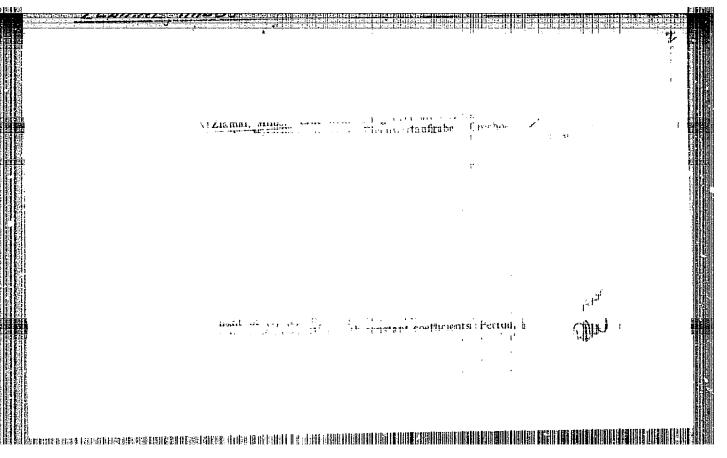
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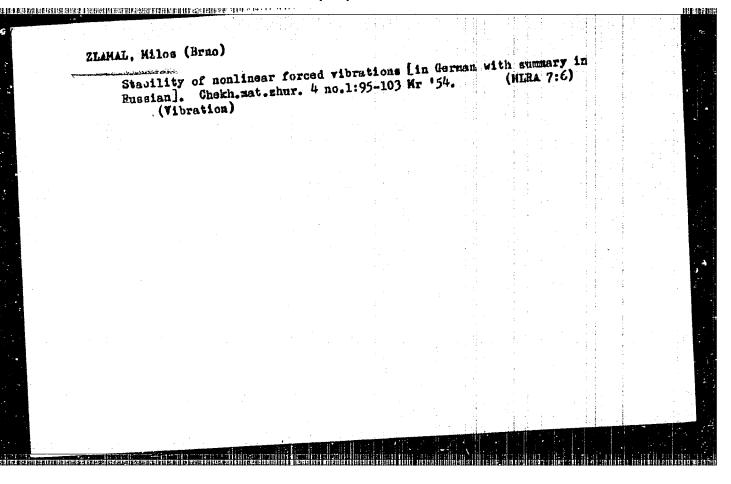
Effect of polyalkyl methacrylates on the pour point of oils

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 2, 1962, 496, abstract 2M307 (Ropa a uhlie, v. 2, no. 7, 1960, 202 - 203)

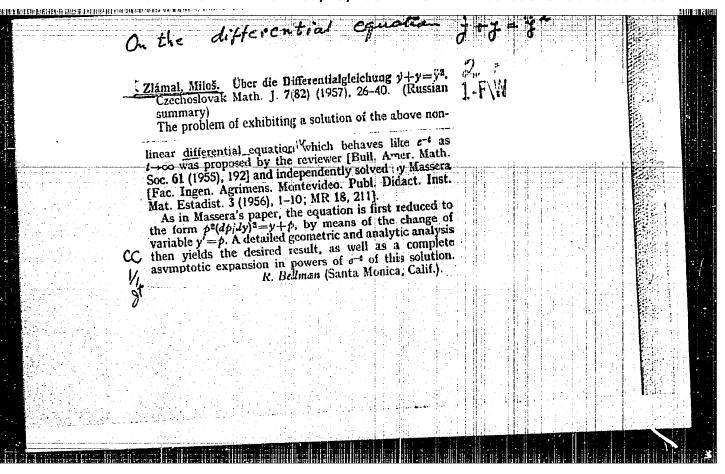
TEXT: The effect is studied of additions of various polyalkyl methacrylates (including polydecyl and polycetyl methacrylate) on the solidification point of transformer and a number of other cils. It is shown that the depression of the solidification point of cils depends on the heat of solution and, hence, on the molecular weight of the polymer. Only additions of polymers with positive heat of solution values in cil proved effective. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

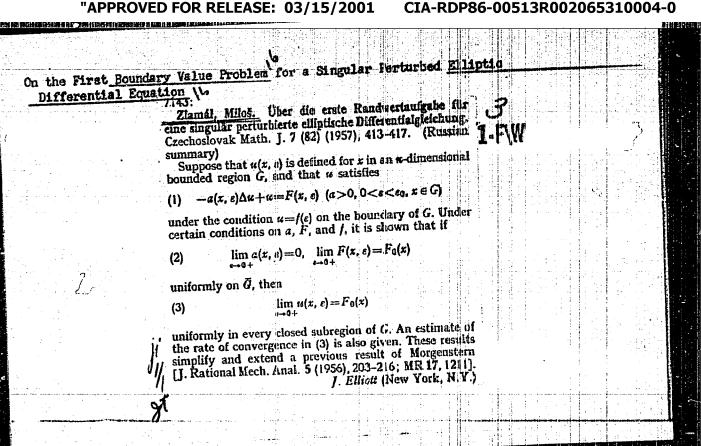
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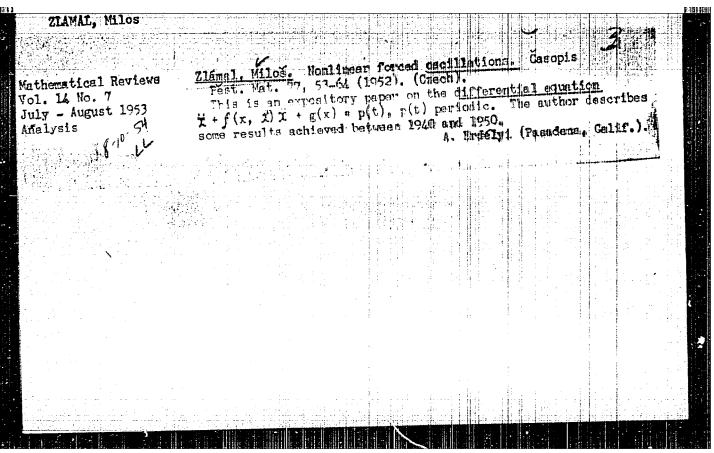


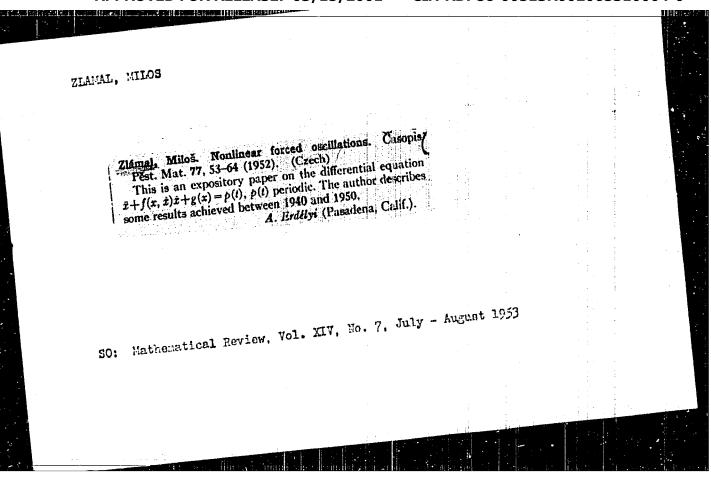


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ZLAMAL, Milos

Mathematical Reviews Vol. 15 No. 4 Apr. 1954 Analysis Zlamal, Miloš. Asymptotische Bigenschaften der Lösungen linearer Differentialgleichungen. Math. Nachr. 10, 169-174 (1953).

The coefficients of the differential equation

$$y^{(n)} + \sum_{j=1}^{n} a_{j}(x) y^{(n-j)} = f(x)$$

are assumed to be continuous for all $x \ge x_0$. It is shown that, under suitable conditions, the solutions of this differential equation are asymptotically, as $x \to +\infty$, equal to those of $y^{(n)} = 0$. One result is as follows: If for $\epsilon \le 0$, $\int_{-n(t+n-1)+1}^{n(t+n-1)+1} |a_j(t)| dt < \infty$ ($j = 1, \dots, n$), $\int_{-n(t+n-1)+1}^{n(t+n-1)+1} |a_j(t)| dt < \infty$, then the general solution is of the form

$$y(x) = \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} c_j x^j + o(x^{-j}).$$

If only the weaker inequalities $\int_{-1}^{n} |I^{-1+\epsilon}| a_j(t) | dt < \infty$ are required of the $a_j(t)$, the asymptotic relationship must be weakened to $f(x) = \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} c_j x^j [1+o(x^{-j})] + o(x^{-j})$, $\delta < \epsilon$. The proofs employ a variant of the well-known technique for establishing the asymptotic equality of the solutions of two asymptotically similar differential equations by means of a Volterral integral equation for the difference of those solutions.

5/081/62/000/023/104/120 B101/B186

AUTHORS:

Dvorák, Jan, Müller, Jaroslav Zlamal, Zdeněk

TITLE:

Method of producing high-molecular weight polyacetaldehyde

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 23, 1962, 719, abstract

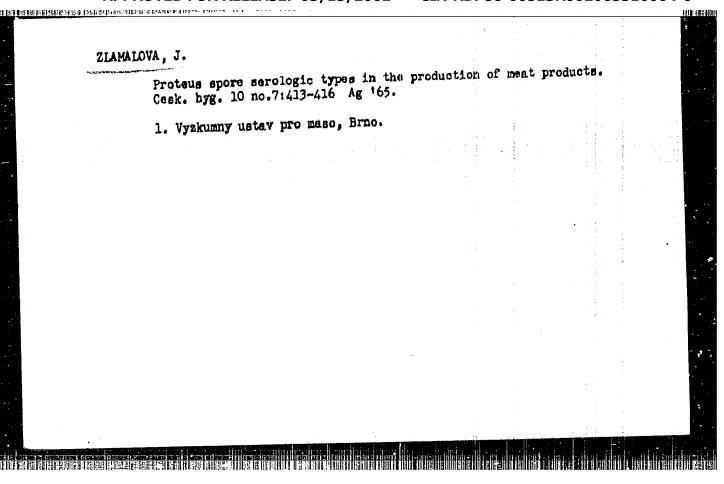
23P355 (Czechosl. pat: 100322, July 15, 1961)

TEXT: Rubberlike high-molecular weight polyacetaldehyde of linear structure, soluble in organic solvents, is obtained by polymerization (PM) of the acetaldehyde (I) at -100 to -30°C in the presence of H₂SO₄, HCl, H₃PO₄, CCl₃COOH, H₂C₂O₄, NaHSO₄, KHSO₄, (NH₄)₂S₂O₈. The initial I must be carefully purified. Basic substance inhibit the reaction. Example: - 10⁻⁵% H₂SO₄ is added to I cooled to -78°C. PM proceeds almost instantly. With addition of 0.001% H3PO4, 0.01 - 0.1% CCl3COOE, or 0.01% KHSO,, PM takes some hours. Abstracter's note: Complete translation.

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ZLAMALOVA, Jarmila, MVDr.; RYBAKOVA, Jarmila

Sanitation measures in the export ham processing plants. Prum potravin 14 no.3;150-154 Mr '63.

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ZLAMALOVA, Jarmila, MVDr. Microflora of pasteurized hams. Prum potravin 15 no. 6:263-267 Je '64. 1. Research Institute of Meat, Brno.

ZLAMALOVA, J.

"Quality requirements for freezing meat." P. 116.

PRUMYSL POTRAVIN. (Ministerstvo potravinarskeho prumyslu). Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 10, No. 3, 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8, August 1959. Uncla.

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ZLAMA:OVA, Jamaila, MVDr.

Hygienic control in the meat industry. Pruπ potravin 15 no.11:577-580 N *64.

1. Research Institute of Meat, Brno.

ZLAMALOVA, Jarmila, MVDr.

Germs of Staphylococcus aureus in meat products. Prum potravin 15 no.10:522-525 0 464.

1. Research Institute of Meat, Brno.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. Leather. Fur. Gelatine. Н Tanning Materials. Industrial Proteins.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, 1959, No 4, 14053.

: Zlamalova, Jarmila. Not given. Inst

Title : New Raw Materials for Obtaining Gelatin.

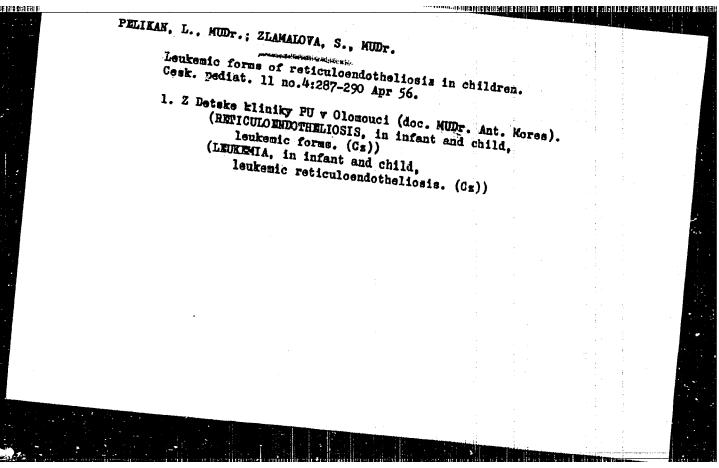
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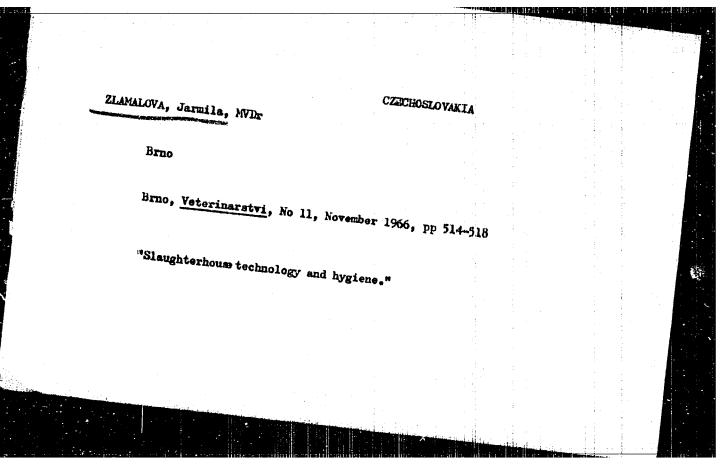
Abstract: In laboratory conditions, samples were prepared of gelatin from raw materials which had not been used earlier for these purposes, for example, from slaughterhouse wastes. Quality of the gelatin and yield of dry gelatin from weight from the original raw material were organoleptically determined. On the basis of the data obtained, a conclusion is made concerning the possibility of utilizing different slaughterhouse wastes to obtain

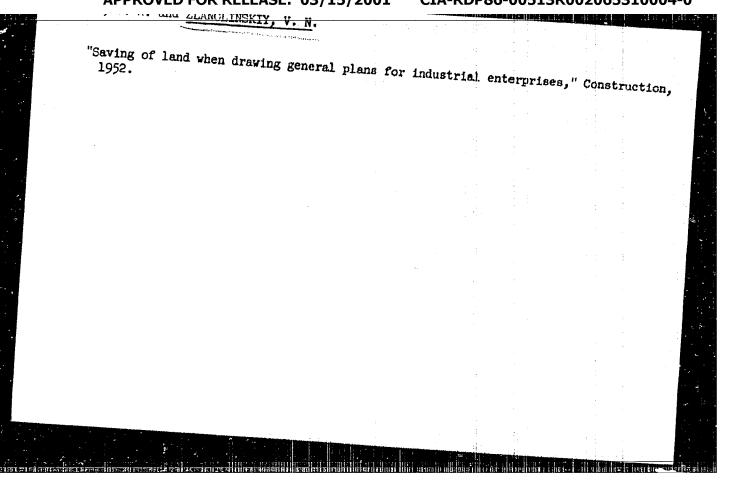
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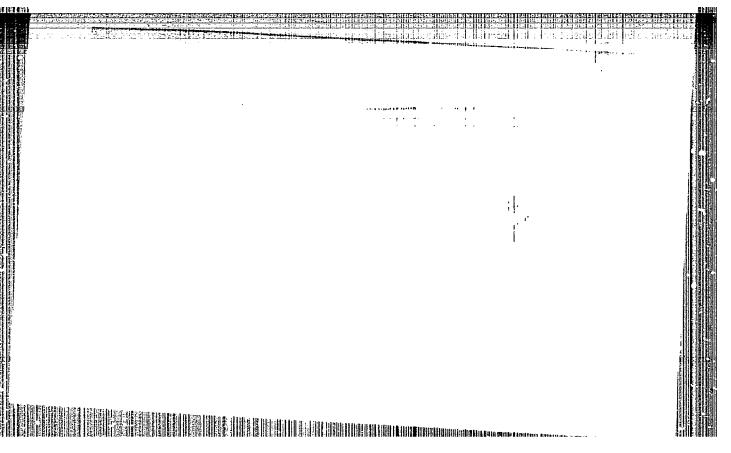
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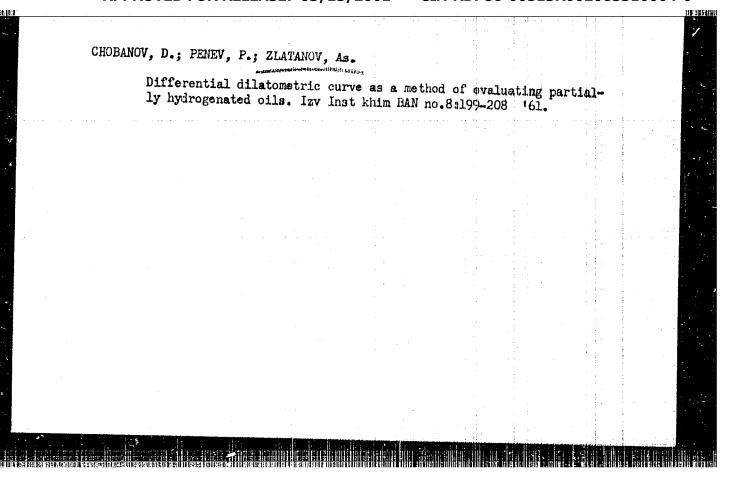


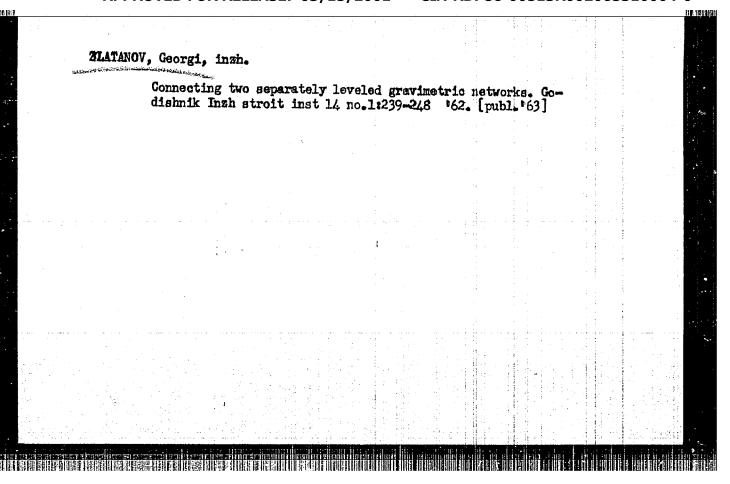


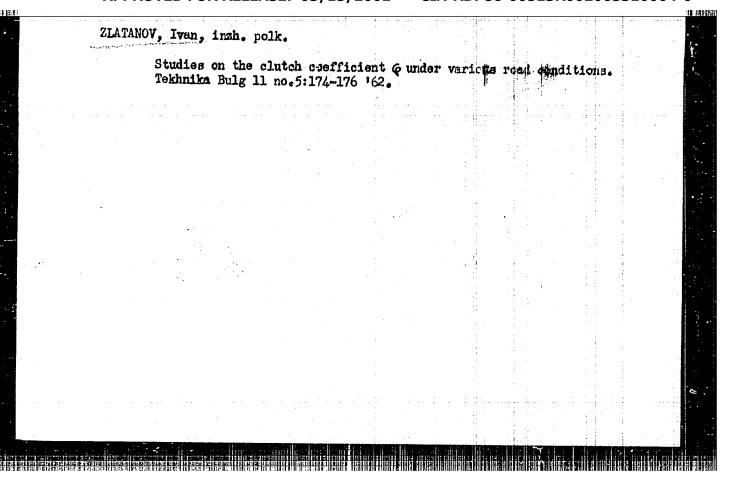


ZLATAN, B.D., Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Insulin therapy of delirium psychoses." Kishinev, 1958, 13 pp (Kishinev State Med Inst) 250 copies (KL, 29-58, 136)

- 112 -







Zlatanov, I. Zlatanov, I. Soil. p. 4. Excesses are due to cutting weeds and loosening the Exception of Example 1. Softya. Vol. 10, no. 7, July 1955. So: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EFAL), IC, Vol. 4, no. 10, Oct. 1955, Uncl.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001

李林维亚派专用40周科的经验证明第4月系统统和自然的证明的经验证明的专用各种的任务的 (1410年) 1411年 1

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Our successes are due to cutting weeds and loosening the soil. p. 4. KOOPERATIVNO ZEMEDELIE, Sofiya, Vol. 10, no. 7, July 1955. ZLATANOV, I.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, no. 10, Oct. 1955,

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BULGARIA

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AUTHOR: Zlatanov, S. (Lt. Col., Medical corps); Lekov, D. (Col., Medical corps)

ORG: Department of Medical Protection, VVMI (VVMI Katedra po Med. zashtita)

TITLE: Ultrasonic decontamination

SOURCE: Voenno-meditsinsko delo, no. 4, 1966. 53-55

TOPIC TAGS: decontamination, ultrasonic vibration, radiation contamination

ABSTRACT: A study of ultrasonic decontamination from radioactivity is described. A UG-1 ultrasonic generator with the following characteristics was used: frequency, 22 kc; output power, 500 w; transducer, magnetostrictive. Nickel plates were contaminated with a polution of radioactive SrCl (Sr-89 was used) for a period of 24 hr. The plates were then placed in two separate decontamination baths maintained at a temperature of 40 C: immersed in a water solution containing 5% "STNPRC", a Bulgarian surface cleansing agent, and immersed in pure tap water. The ultrasonic vibrator was immersed in water, the two baths were placed on top of it and kept there from 15 minutes to 2 hours. A third batch of nickel plates was mechanically washed with a 5% solution of "SINPRO" and scraped with three brushes at a water temperature of 40 C for a period of 5 minutes. The first, second, and third batch

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AUTHOR: Zlatanov, S (Colonel or the mod)	t. (Lieutenant colone cal service)	l of the medica	al service);	Lekov. D.	17 B
ORG: none					
TITLE: Use of Bulge	rian soaps or dotorgon	ts for redicec	tive decontam	ination 19	7
SOURCE: Voenno-medi	tsinsko delo, v. 20, n	0. 4, 1965, 39	الـ <u>ا</u>	//	
TOPIC TAGS: SOAD. 1	molear decontamination	agent			
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BULGARIA

ZIATANOV. St., Lieutenant-Colonel of the Medical Service, LEKOV. D., Colonel of the Medical Service; Chair of Medical Defense (Head Prof. Z. Mitsov), Higher Military Medical Institute

"Decontamination With Ultrasound"

Sofia, Voenno-Meditsinsko Delo, Vol 21, No 4, Aug 66, pp 53-55

Abstract: Experiments on the decontamination of nickel-plated metal samples made of the same material as surgical instruments and treated with SrCl containing radioactive Sr³⁹ were conducted by using a Bulgarian experimental UG-l magnetostriction ultrasound generator producing waves with a frequency of 22 ke at a power of 500 w. Treatment of the radioactive samples with ultrasound in a 5% solution of the synthetic detergent Sinpro at 40°C resulted in a decontamination of 81%, as indicated by the radioactivity count, vs. 29% decontamination on treatment with ultrasound in tap water and 67% decontamination by mechanical cleaning. Because of the low intensity of the generator (1 w/cm²), the best possible accontamination was not achieved: one may expect that with more effective generators the degree of decon-

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equi	pment	used	in the study	. Orig.	art. ha	as: 1	figur	e.	REF:	001/	отн	REF:	004	
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ZLATANOV, S.

ZLATANOV, S. Maple borer and experiments in fighting it. p. 180.

Vol. 12, no. 4, "pr. 1956 GORSKO STOPANSTVO AGRICULTURE Sofiia, Bulgaria

SO: East European Accession, Vol. 6, no. 3, March

P BULGARIA/General and Specialized Zoology - Insects. Harmful Insects and Acarids. Forest Pests. : Ref Zhur Biol., No 6, 1959, 25527 Abs Jour : Zlatanov, St. Author : Dobruja Scientific-Research Institute Inst : The Ash Tree Spanish Fly - a Serious Post of the Field. Title protective Belts in Dobruja : Byul. nauchno-proizy. inform. Dobrudzh. nauchno-izaled. Orig Pub in-t, 1957, No 1, 31-33 : Concerning the measures in the control of the Spanish fly, which is desplaying great activity in the last 2-3 years. Abstract Good results (death in 24 hours) were obtained by spraying with 5% DDT and 12% BHC suspensions on small forest sections. Manual gathering of the flies from low trees was untertaken early in the morning during the fly's little mobility. Card 1/1 END 53 -

#1607

DZHABAROV, N., inzh.; ZLATANOV, V., inzh.

Effect of gynsum on the strength of silicate products.

Stroi. mat. 9 no.8:39-40 Ag'63. (MIRA 17:5)

1. "Zavodproyekt", Sofiya.

据证券结单的 经基理证券的指示法。1426年初1421年的1414年的1414年的1414年的1414日的1414日的1414年的1414年,1414年,1414年,1

BULGERIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application. Coronics. Glass. Binding Intericls. Concrete. Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khim., No 10, 1959, 35820. Author : Zlatanov, V. and Duhabarov, N. : Improving the Properties of Non-Autoclayed Collular Inst Title Concrete. Orig Pub: Stroitelstvo, 4, No 11, 15-19 (1957) (in Bulgarian) Abstract: The chief shortcomings of cellular concrete which has not been autoclaved are its low strength and great shrinkage. The strength can be increased and the shrinkage reduced by the application of the diffusive carbonation method which can be : 1/2 Card

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CIA-RDP86-00513R002065310004-0

ILATAHOV, Vasil (Bolgarskaya Marodnaya Respublika); DZHABAROV, Mikola,
insh. (Bolgarskaya Marodnaya Respublika)

Self-stressed concrete made with expansion agents. Bet. 1 shel.-bet.
(MIRA 13:8)

(Prestressed concrete)

82057 s/097/60/000/08/01/002

15.3200 A THORS:

Zlatanov, Vasil, Engineer, Dahebarov, Nikola (Balgarian

Self-Stressed Reinforced Concrete Produced With the Addition Peoples Republic)

TITLE:

of Expanding Ingredients

PERIODICAL: Beton i Zhelezo-Beton, 1960, No. 8, pp. 351 - 353 Magnesium oxide (MgO) calcinated at high temperature (for

instance 900°C) crystallizes when cooled in the form of periclase, which, while chemically inert, reacts with water at usual temperature over a period of many years. Investigations of the authors have revealed that periclase can be used as an ingredient causing expansion, thus creating stress in the concrete elements. With water and a higher temperature it ie possible to accelerate the hydration of periclase, which can also be slowed down, if it is necessary to retard expansion, 8.5.9 when the concrete has not sufficiently set and gripped the reinforcement. The articrete has not sufficiently set and gripped the reinforcement. The article terms of processing samples: at a temperature lower cle describes two methods of processing samples: at a temperature higher than 100°C and under atmospheric pressure, and at a temperature higher than 100°C and under autoclave pressure. The following material was used than 100°C and under autoclave pressure.

card 1/3

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3/097/60/000/08/01/002

Self-Stressed Reinforced Concrete Produced With the Addition of Expanding Ingredients

for the reinforced concrete samples: Portland cement grade 400, ground periclase (MgO), ordinary sand, gravel, silica sand containing 98% silipericlase (SiO₂), water and high grade steel reinforcement of 2.4 mm ing of 4x4x24 cm prisms, 10x10x10 cm cubes and hollow cylinders with an ing of 4x4x24 cm prisms, 10x10x10 cm cubes and hollow cylinders with an ing of 4x4x24 cm prisms, 10x10x10 cm cubes and hollow cylinders with an ing of 4x4x24 cm prisms. The thermic treatment provides for steamment consists of steel rings. The thermic treatment provides for steamment at 100°C and atmospheric or minimum pressure (0.5 atm). In case of ing at 100°C and atmospheric or minimum pressure (0.5 atm). In case of autoclave treatment at the method used, the duration of thermic treatment is 47-pending upon the method used, the duration of thermic treatment. During 149 hours for steaming, and 16 hours for autoclave treatment. During 149 hours for steaming, and 16 hours for autoclave treatment. During 149 hours for steaming, and 16 hours for autoclave treatment. During 149 hours for steaming, and 16 hours for autoclave treatment. During 149 hours for steaming, and 16 hours for autoclave treatment. During 149 hours for steaming, and 16 hours for autoclave treatment. During 149 hours for steaming, and 16 hours for autoclave treatment. During 149 hours for steaming, and 16 hours for autoclave treatment. During 149 hours for steaming, and 16 hours for autoclave treatment. During 149 hours for steaming, and 16 hours for autoclave treatment is 47-pending upon the method used, the duration of thermic treatment is 47-pending upon the method used, the duration of thermic treatment is 47-pending upon the method used, the duration of thermic treatment is 47-pending upon the method used, the duration of thermic treatment is 47-pending upon the method used, the duration of the pending upon the method used, the duration of the pending upon the

Card 2/3

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5/097/60/000/08/01/002

Self-Stressed Reinforced Concrete Produced With the Addition of Expand-

case of steam treatment, and 12,500 kg/cm2 in autoclave treatment. Table No. 1 shows a comparison of extension between concrete and reinforced concrete samples. Due to the obstruction offered by the reinforcement, extension of the reinforced samples is several times less than the extension of the non-reinforced samples. Table No. 2 shows a comparison of compression resistance between concrete and reinforced concrete samples, showing also greater strength of reinforced concrete samples. Experiments tend to prove the possibility of producing post-stressed reinforced concrete elements by means of hydration of periclase, included as ingredient in the concrete mixture. This addition does in no way interfere with the setting period of the concrete nor with its hardness, nor does it cause corrosion of the metal reinforcement; on the contrary, it tends to counteract corrosion due to increase of alcalinity in the medium. There are 2 tables

Card 3/3

I-9

ZLATANOV, VASIL

BULGARIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their

Application - Silicates, Glass, Ceramics, Binders,

: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 12644 Abs Jour

Author

: On some Problems of Production of Cellular Carbonized

Title Materials

: Po nyakoi v"prosi za klet"chnite karbonatizirani mate-Orig Pub

riali. Stroitelstvo, 1956, 3, No 3-4, 30-36 (Bulgarian)

: The gist of the production of carbonized materials consists in adding foaming agents of feam to partially hy-Abstract

drated lime mixed with a filler. The resulting paste is poured into molds in which it is aged until it begins to harden after which the paste (which has already acquired the shape of construction parts, blocks, etc) is removed from the mold, dried to a strictly predetermined

moisture content and is then carbonized (C). The carboni-

zation process consists in the formation of CaCO3 as a

Card 1/3

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CIA-RDP86-00513R002065310004-0" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001